Study on black band disease of jute

Symptoms:

- 1. A dense black band develops around the stem of the mature plant at about 2-3 feet above the ground level.
- 2. The bark of the stem in some places splits open longitudinally with exposed, brownish dry fibers at the later stages of disease development and die.
- 3. Large number of minute black pycnidia is formed on the affected blackened area of the stem.
- 4. On rubbing the diseased stem, fingers become black due to dark pycnidiospores.

Causal Organism: Botryodiplodia theobromae

Pathogenic characters:

Mycelia: Mycelium is hyaline to pale brown in color, septate, profusely branched.

Pycnidia: The pycnidia are flask shape, dark brown to black, ostiolated and embedded in the host tissue. Pycnidia contain short conidiophores and conidia.

Pycnidiospores: The conidia are called pycnidiospores, double celled, comparatively thick walled, oblong or oval shaped and dark brown in color.

Taxonomic position:

Kingdom: Fungi

Division: Deuteromycota Class: Coelomycetes

Order: Sphaeropsidales

Family: Sphaeropsidaceae Genus: *Botryodiplodia*

Species: Botryodiplodia theobromae

